



Internal Process – Ongoing

#### MA Technical Process -

MA workgroup meetings twice a month April through August, as needed through October WUE meetings monthly standing meeting April through July

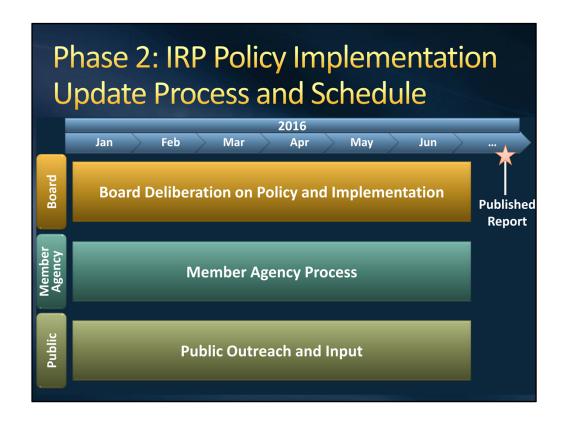
#### Board -

Reporting in Feb and March (IRP Committee)

Monthly Updates from MA tech process

Wrapping up around the end of the year, head into Board Policy Process

Following slides breakdown activities at Board and MA levels



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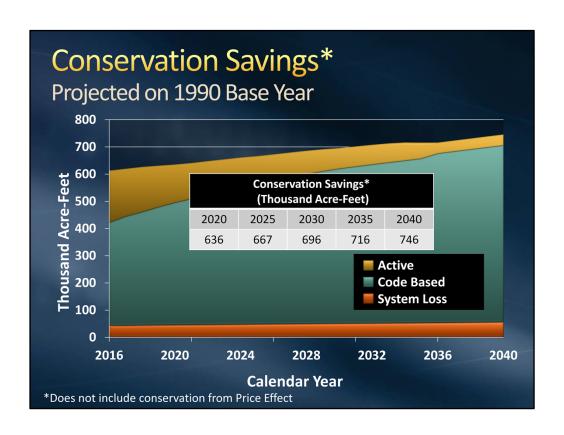
Following slides breakdown activities at Board and MA levels

## **Four Key Framing Questions**

- What is our current outlook on supplies and demands?
- What happens if we do nothing?
- What happens if we continue developing the current 2010 IRP targets?
- What potential changes to the current 2010 IRP targets are needed?

# What is Our Current Outlook on Supplies and Demands?







#### **Total Retail Demands**

#### **Key Assumptions**

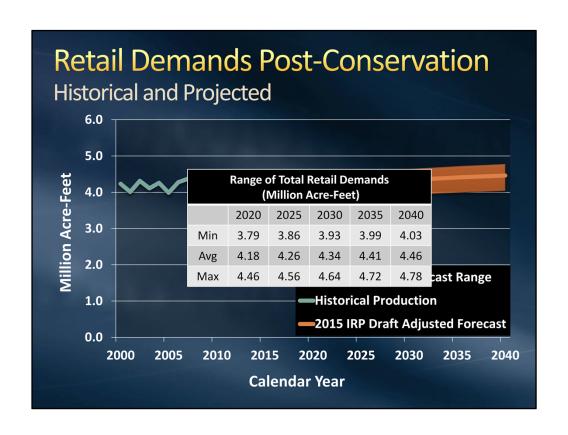
- Updated demographic forecasts
  - SCAG RTP 12
  - SANDAG Series 13
- Retail M&I Demand
  - New econometric model
- Agency provided demand forecasts
  - Agricultural
  - Seawater Barrier
  - Replenishment



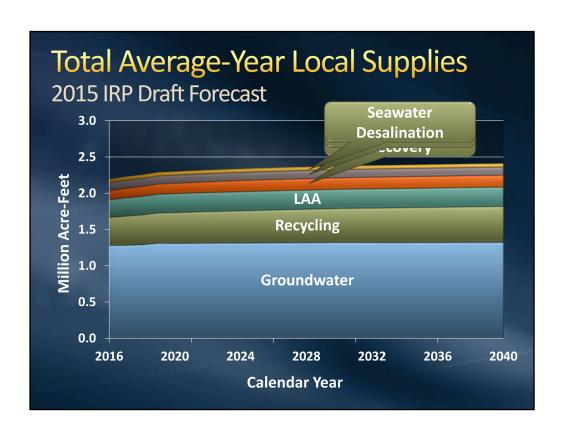
## Near-Term Demand Adjustment

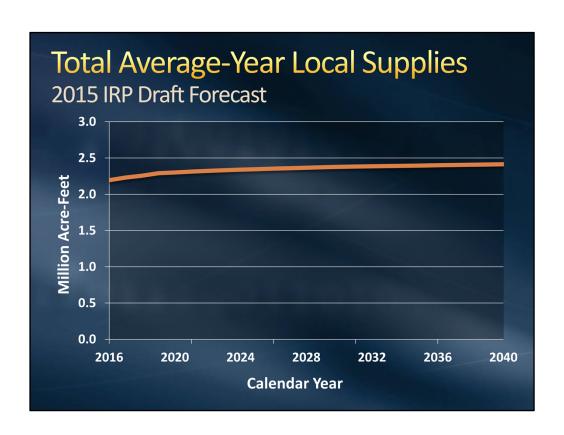
**Key Assumptions** 

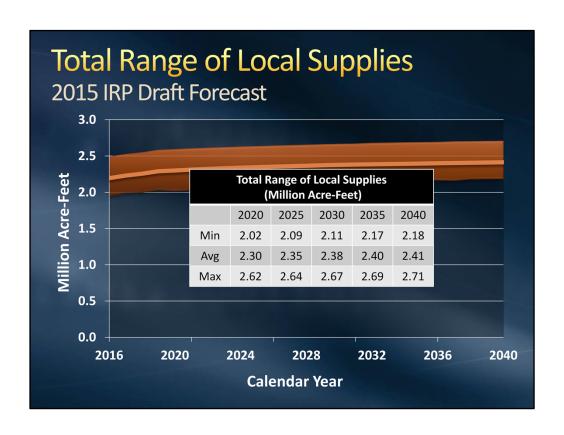
- Capture observed reduction in demand
- Estimate behavioral and structural elements
- Adjust climate effects and other conservation savings elements to avoid double-counting of reductions in the forecast



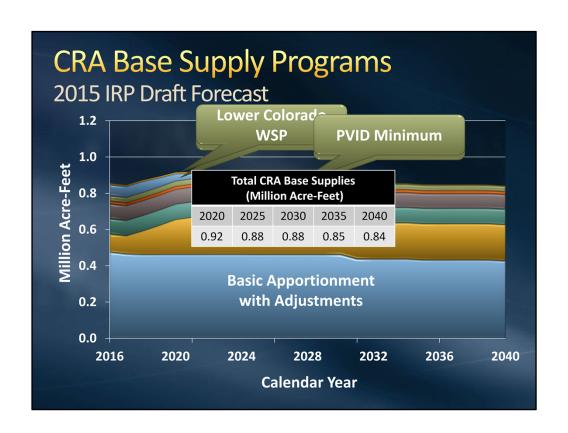


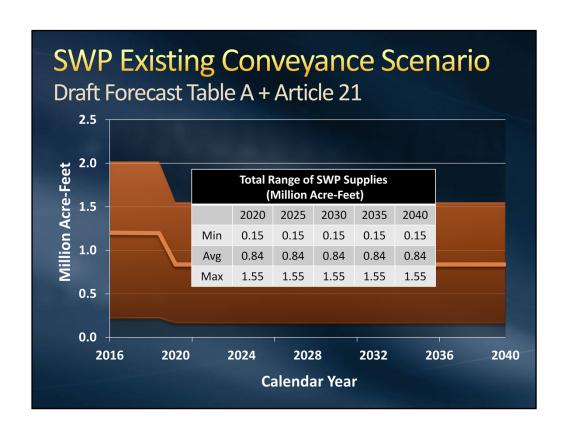




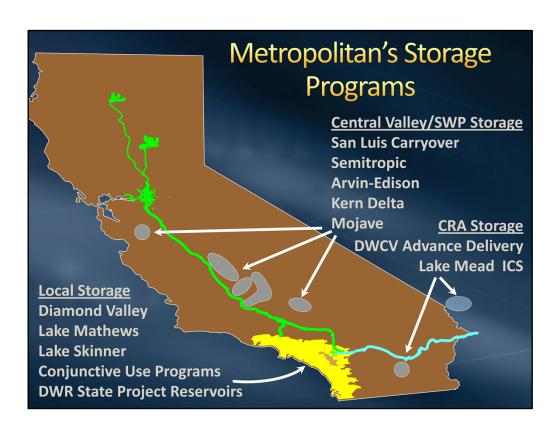












# **MWD Storage Programs Summary**

Million Acre-Feet

	Storage Capacity	Put Capacity*	Take Capacity*	2016 Est. Starting
Central Valley & SWP	1.63	0.54	0.56	0.42
Colorado River	2.39	0.65	0.60	0.22
In-Region	1.30	0.90	0.94	0.14
Total Dry-Year	5.32	2.09	2.10	0.77
Emergency	0.63	0.63	0	0.63
Total	5.95	2.72	2.10	1.40

<sup>\*</sup>Shows maximum capacities, actual capacity varies based on contract terms





#### **Message Points**

- Introduce the Metropolitan Water District
- Review the Mission Statement
- Emphasize that the Mission Statement drives the planning and development policies for Metropolitan

### **IRP Reliability Goals**

- 1996
  - "...meet all retail-level water demands under all foreseeable hydrologic conditions"
  - "Through the implementation of the IRP, Metropolitan and its member agencies will have the full capability to meet full-service demands at the retail level at all times."
- **2004** 
  - Same as the 1996 goal plus a planning buffer
- **2010** 
  - Same as the 1996 goal plus the supply buffer and foundational actions

# An Example of a Less Than 100% Reliability Goal

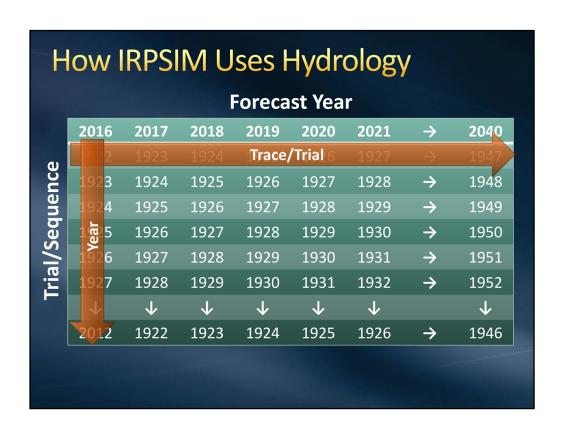
• Metropolitan will provide all of the firm wholesale demands to its member agencies 98% of the time, and have a shortage of no more than 10% the remaining 2% of the time.

# What is the Purpose of Reliability Analysis?

- Evaluates whether a supply mix meets demands in a manner consistent with reliability goals
- Serves as a test case
  - Tests supply and demand forecasts
  - Test ranges and variability due to climate and hydrologic factors

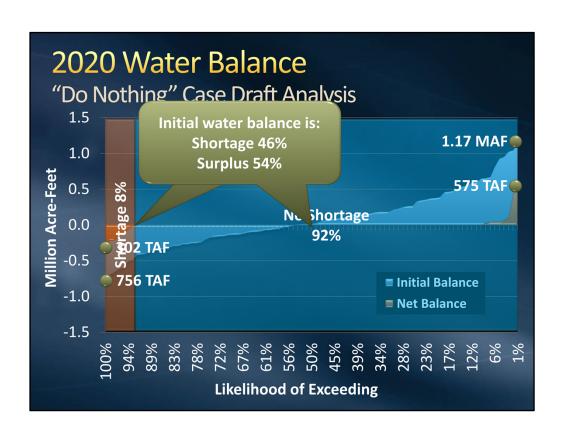
# What is the Purpose of Reliability Analysis?

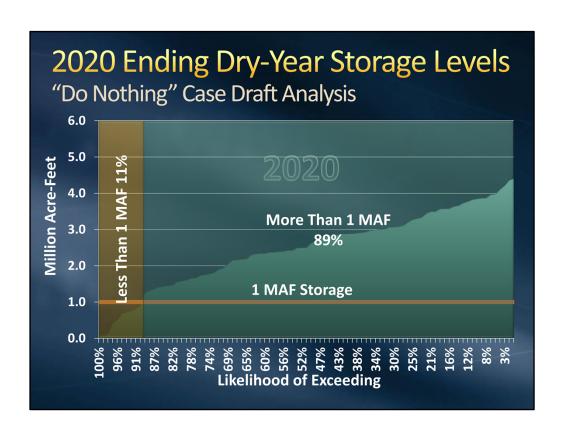
- Provides a range of outcomes for each forecast year
  - Uses 91 separate tests of supplies, demands, and storage
  - Based on climate and hydrologic conditions from 1922-2012
- Results show how many times out of 91 that there is no shortage, and what the resulting storage conditions are

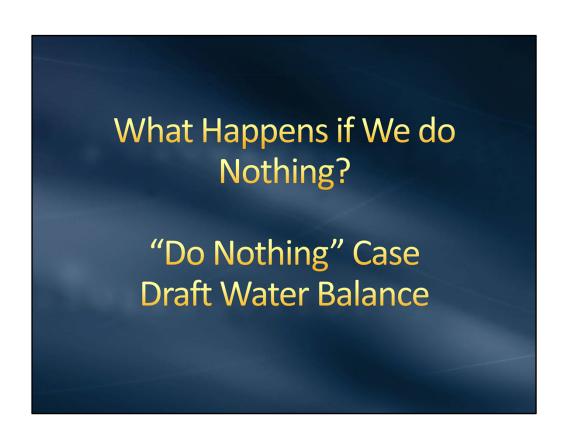


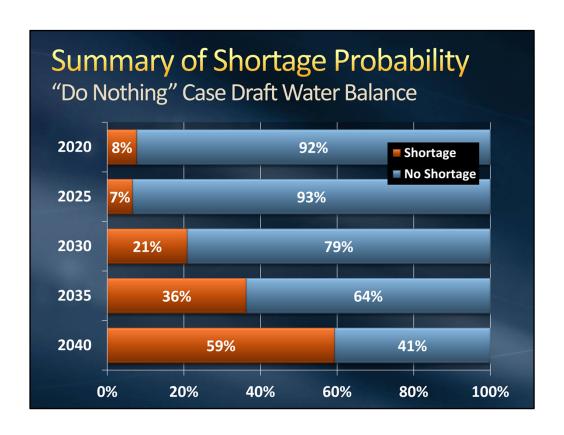
## Potential Measures of Reliability

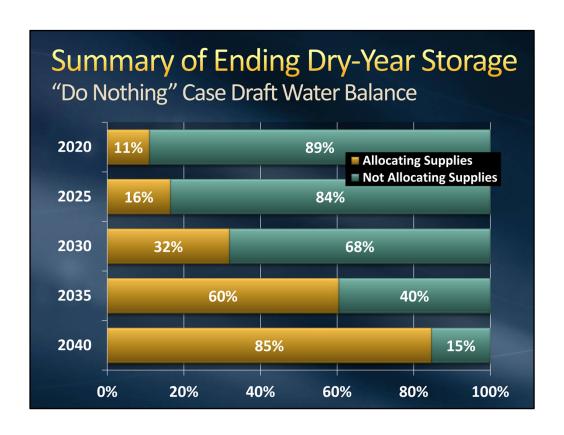
- Supply shortages
  - Frequency of shortage (a.k.a. probability)
  - Size of shortage
  - IRP reliability goal: "100% reliability under foreseeable hydrologic conditions"
- Storage thresholds
  - Minimum storage level
  - Average storage level











#### **Observations**

"Do Nothing" Case Draft Water Balance

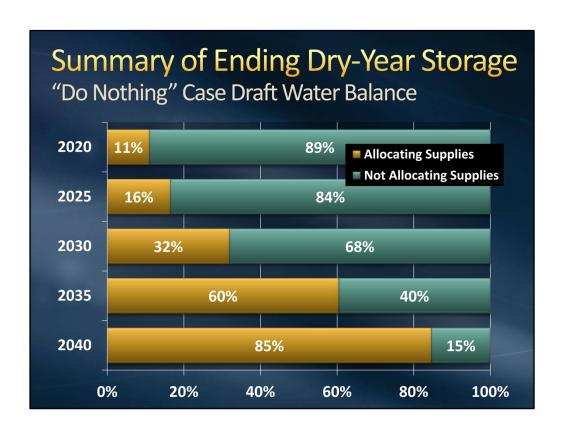
- The "do nothing" approach is not sustainable
- Shortage probability and size both increase over time
  - Total retail demands increase over time
  - Constant or decreasing local and imported supplies
- Storage quantity decreases over time
  - Less water to store
  - Higher needs for storage to balance supplies and demands
- Significant resource investments are needed

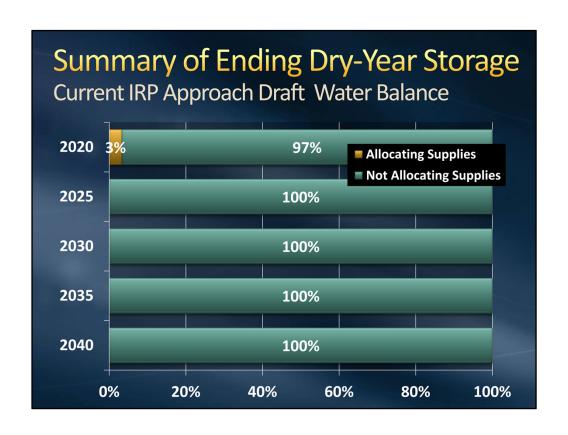
# What Happens if We Develop the 2010 IRP Update Targets?

Current IRP Approach
Draft Water Balance

# 2010 IRP Development Targets Water Use Efficiency • Achieve a 20% reduction in GPCD as a region by 2020 Local Resources • Develop ~100 TAF through incentives and partnerships • Seek short, mid, and long-term Delta improvements CRA • Develop Dry-Year supply programs to fill the aqueduct when needed







### **Observations**

Current IRP Approach Draft Water Balance

- Significant resource investments are needed to achieve the current IRP Targets
  - 150 TAF of additional efficiency or local supply
  - California Water Fix
- Existing supplies need to be maintained
  - Colorado River Aqueduct
  - Local supply production
- Compared to the "Do Nothing" Case
  - Reliability and storage measures improve
  - Challenges still exist in the shorter term

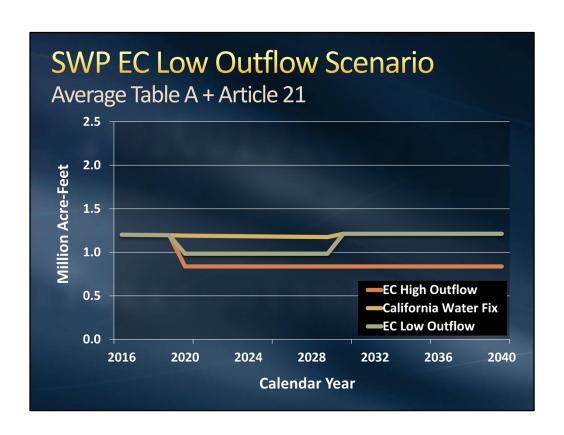
What Potential Changes to the Current IRP Targets are Needed?

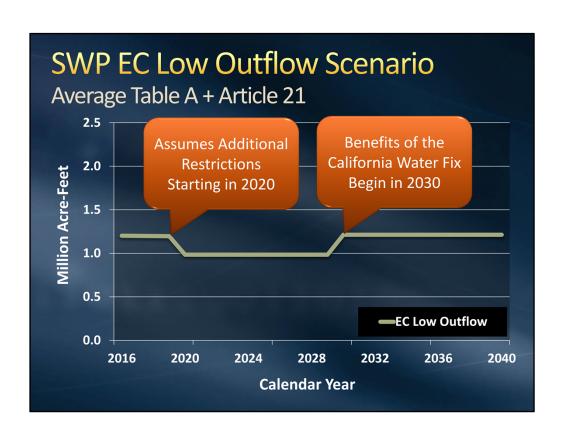
A look at risk and shorterterm challenges

# **Analysis of Alternative Scenarios**

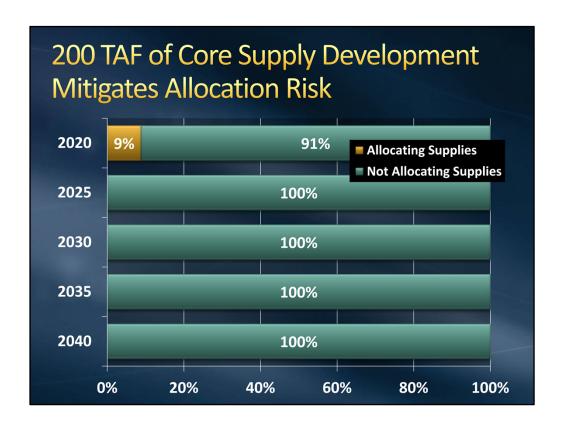
- Evaluated reliability impacts of three risk scenarios
  - Scenario 1: More restrictive Delta regulatory framework in the near-term
  - Scenario 2: Local Resources production is lower than projected
  - Scenario 3: Scenario 1 and 2 combined
- Determined additional supply development needed to mitigate risks
  - Added core supply in 50 TAF increments
  - Assumed additional supply available starting in 2020

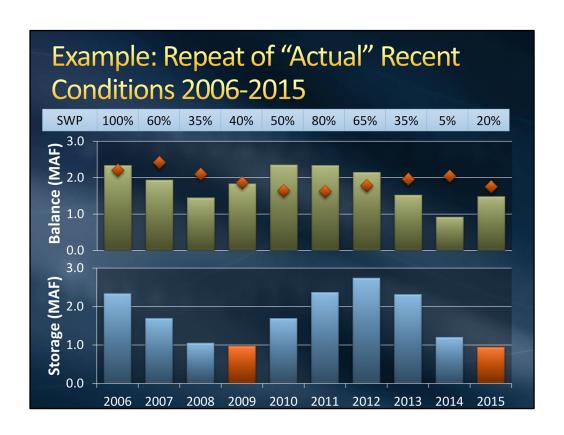
# Scenario 1 SWP Supplies Assuming Existing Conveyance and Low Outflow Requirements

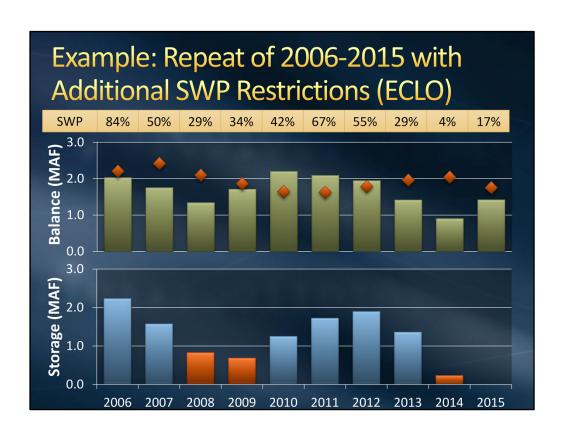


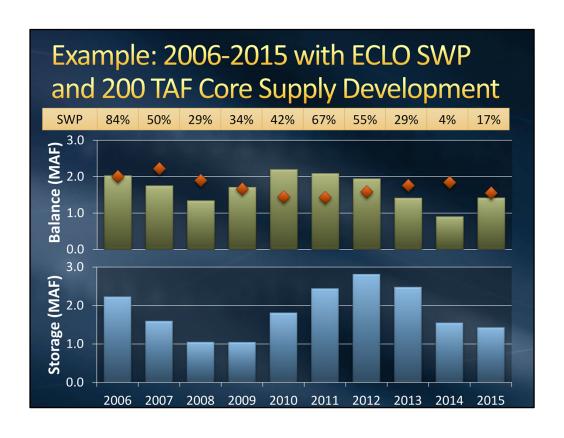


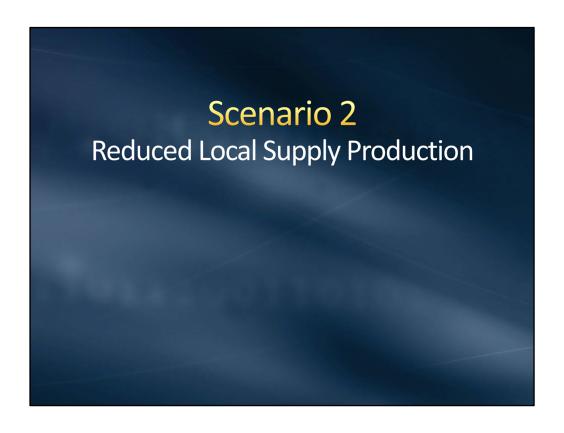






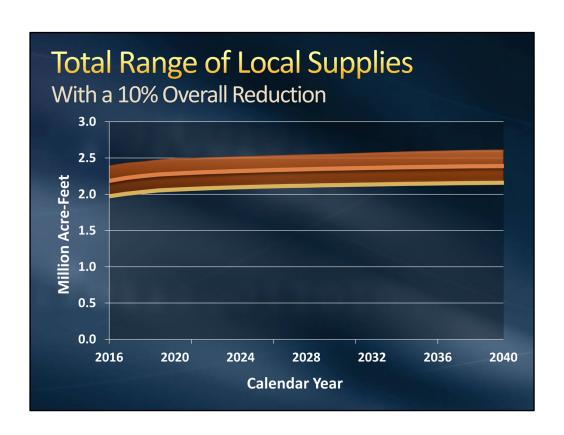


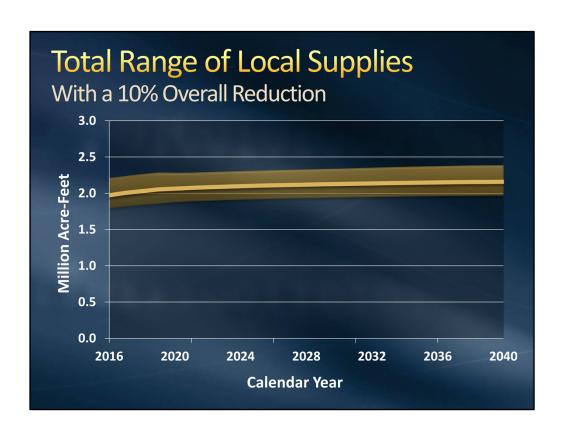


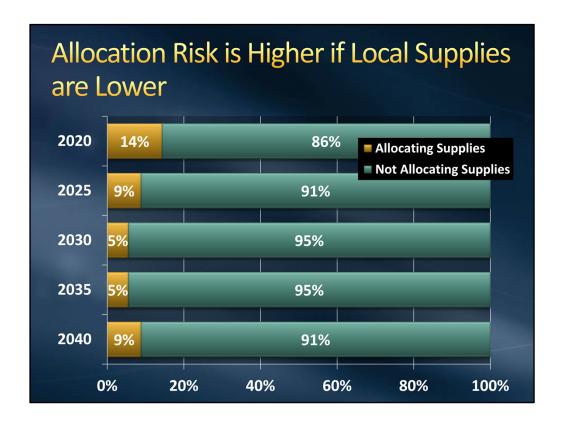


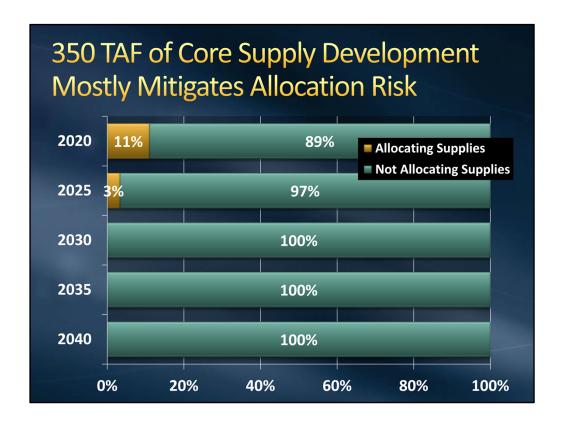
# Potential Risks to Local Supplies

- Modeled as a 10% reduction in all local supply categories
- Represents potential reductions in supplies due to a number of factors:
  - Climate change impacts on groundwater recharge or surface supplies
  - Water quality impacts to groundwater or other supplies
  - Implementation risk to facility expansions
  - Infrastructure maintenance risks

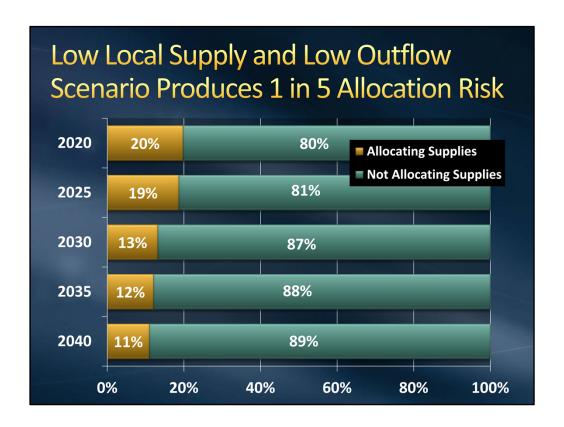


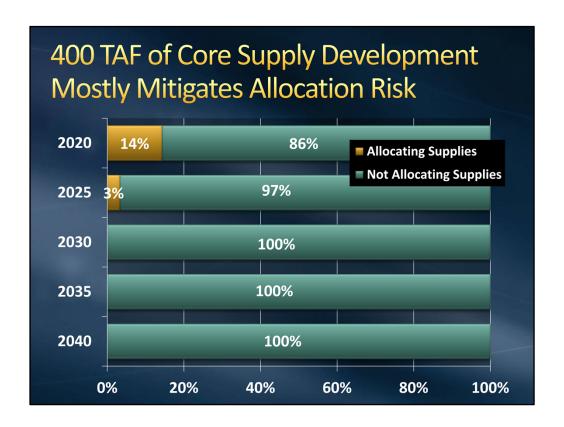


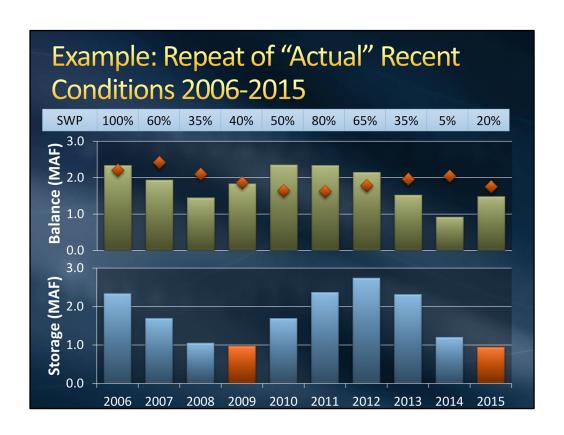


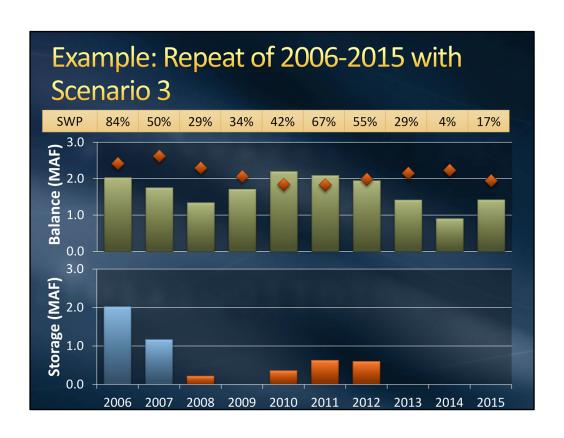


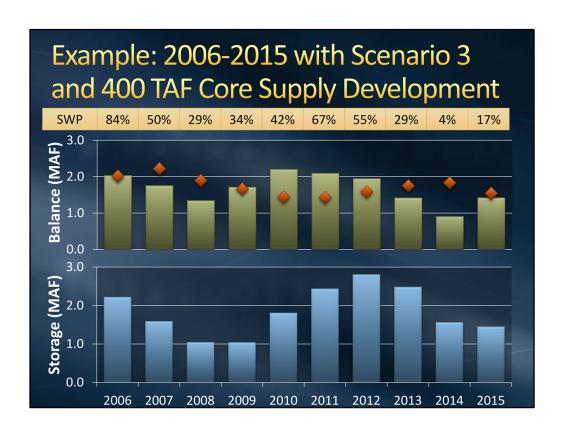












# Summary of Risk/Storage Analysis

- The 2010 IRP Targets do not provide a sufficient buffer against the risks shown
  - Particularly if more than one of these risks occur at the same time
- Additional core supply needed to avoid allocating supplies:
  - 50 TAF to 250 TAF per year
- Total need including 150 TAF remaining 2010 IRP Target is:
  - 200 TAF to 400 TAF per year



## **Summary of Key Technical Findings**

- Additional local supply and conservation development is needed to mitigate risk
- Maintaining imported supplies continues to be critical
  - Limited opportunities for additional development of imported supplies beyond targets
- A comprehensive water transfer approach can address shorter-term reliability challenges
- Implementation policy and approach to developing local supplies and conservation is key

# IRP Key Technical Findings Conservation

- Meet regional 20x2020 GPCD reduction
- Pursue additional conservation in support of the State's Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance
  - Attain 100% compliance for new construction
  - Increase annual replacement rate for existing homes and businesses
- Continue device-based programs for residential, commercial and industrial

# IRP Key Technical Findings Local Resources

- Develop additional local supplies to meet growth and ensure adequate storage reserves
  - Pursue additional recycling, groundwater recovery, and seawater desalination
- Develop additional local supplies to reduce needs for imported replenishment
  - Expand opportunities for groundwater recharge from stormwater and recycling

# IRP Key Technical Findings Colorado River Aqueduct

- Stabilize CRA base supplies against risks from growing demands, drought, etc.
  - Develop 1.0 MAF of base supply programs
- Maintain flexibility in CRA dry-year programs and storage
  - Ensure access to 1.2 MAF of supplies in dryyears

# **IRP Key Technical Findings**

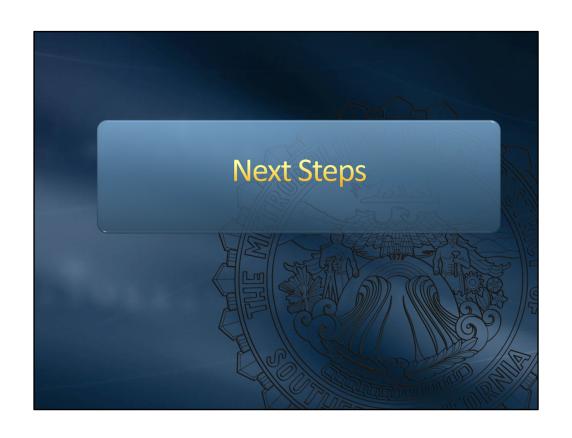
### State Water Project

- Manage flow and export regulations in the near-term
  - Continue to engage in collaborative sciencebased approaches
- Pursue a long-term Delta solution
  - Continue active participation in the California Water Fix and the California EcoRestore efforts

# **IRP Key Technical Findings**

### Transfers and Exchanges

- Develop a comprehensive transfers and exchanges strategy
  - Focus on obtaining additional supplies in normal and wet years
- Ensure strategy works in conjunction with Metropolitan and local storage



## Next Steps – Water Tomorrow

- Phase 1: IRP Technical Update
  - Finalize Results: October 2015
  - Public Outreach Workshop: October 22<sup>nd</sup>
  - IRP Committee considers Technical Update adoption: December 2015
  - IRP Technical Update Final Report: Early 2016
- Phase 2: Investigate Policy Implications
  - Kick-off: Early 2016

